

HOUSE BILL No. 1344

DIGEST OF HB 1344 (Updated February 18, 2009 6:28 pm - DI 113)

Citations Affected: IC 5-20; IC 6-1.1; IC 6-9; IC 12-20; IC 36-2; IC 36-7.

Synopsis: Administration of property tax deductions. Provides that a county auditor may request a list of landlords and addresses for single family dwellings being rented under a housing program administered under the Indiana housing and community development authority law or being rented through township assistance. Requires a local housing authority to provide the county auditor with the names of landlords receiving public funding from the local housing authority. Requires an application for a property tax standard deduction to include: (1) the last five digits of the applicant's Social Security number and the last five digits of the Social Security number of the applicant's spouse; (2) the applicant's name as it appears in the records of the Social Security Administration (or that the individual uses as the individual's legal name when the individual signs the individual's name on legal documents); and (3) information concerning any other location where the applicant or the applicant's spouse owns, is buying on contract, or has a beneficial interest in residential property. Requires sales disclosure forms, closing agent forms, and property tax bills to include information concerning the consequences of claiming more than one standard deduction and the procedures and deadlines for terminating a standard deduction. Establishes other filing requirements for a property tax standard deduction that are similar to the filing requirements that applied to homestead credit applications. Provides that a notice to verify deductions and credits must be included in a tax statement in only one year and permits money recovered by the county (Continued next page)

Effective: January 1, 2009 (retroactive); July 1, 2009.

Pryor, Pelath, Hinkle

January 13, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. February 19, 2009, amended, reported — Do Pass.



auditor as the result of the termination of credits or deductions to be used for the purposes of paying for the notice. Allows partnerships and other legal entities to claim the standard deduction if each partner, member, or shareholder of the entity is an individual who resides in the homestead and otherwise qualifies for the deduction. Provides that a county treasurer may apply a property tax deduction or homestead credit on a provisional tax statement and requires deductions and credits to be applied if a provisional statement is used two consecutive years. Provides that deductions and credits are removed from property when a tax statement is returned with an expired forwarding order. Requires instruments recorded with the county recorder, in certain cases, to identify an individual's name as it appears in the records of the Social Security Administration (or that the individual uses as the individual's legal name when the individual signs the individual's name on legal documents). Imposes a civil penalty of 10% of the tax due for a person who wrongly takes a property tax deduction or credit. Provides that the county auditor shall prepare and send a notice of taxes due when a deduction is wrongly claimed. Permits a county auditor to use delinquent taxes, interest, and penalties collected in response to the termination of a standard deduction to pay for the costs of discovering erroneously granted standard deductions and for other expenses of the office of the county auditor. Makes other changes to reconcile differences in the law related to the enactment of HEA 1001-2008 and HEA 1293-2008.







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First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1344

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 5-20-1-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 28. Upon request of a county auditor, the authority shall provide without charge a list showing the names of all landlords of single family dwellings governed by this article and the corresponding addresses of these single family dwellings.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-5.5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.144-2008, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) The department of local government finance shall prescribe a sales disclosure form for use under this chapter. The form prescribed by the department of local government finance must include at least the following information:

- (1) The key number (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-8.5) of each parcel.
- (2) With respect to each parcel, whether the entire parcel is being conveyed.

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1	(3) The address of each improved parcel.	
2	(4) The date of the execution of the form.	
3	(5) The date the property was transferred.	
4	(6) Whether the transfer includes an interest in land or	
5	improvements, or both.	
6	(7) Whether the transfer includes personal property.	
7	(8) An estimate of the value of any personal property included in	
8	the transfer.	
9	(9) The name, address, and telephone number of:	
10	(A) each transferor and transferee; and	
11	(B) the person that prepared the form.	
12	(10) The mailing address to which the property tax bills or other	
13	official correspondence should be sent.	
14	(11) The ownership interest transferred.	
15	(12) The classification of the property (as residential, commercial,	
16	industrial, agricultural, vacant land, or other).	
17	(13) Subject to subsection (c), the total price actually paid or	
18	required to be paid in exchange for the conveyance, whether in	
19	terms of money, property, a service, an agreement, or other	
20	consideration, but excluding tax payments and payments for legal	
21	and other services that are incidental to the conveyance.	
22	(14) The terms of seller provided financing, such as interest rate,	
23	points, type of loan, amount of loan, and amortization period, and	
24	whether the borrower is personally liable for repayment of the	
25	loan.	
26	(15) Any family or business relationship existing between the	
27	transferor and the transferee.	
28	(16) A legal description of each parcel subject to the conveyance.	- 1
29	(17) Whether the transferee is using the form to claim the	
30	following one (1) or more deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-44 for	
31	property taxes first due and payable in a calendar year after 2008.	
32	(A) One (1) or more deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-44.	
33	(B) The homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9-3.5.	
34	(18) If the transferee uses the form to claim the homestead credit	
35	standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-20.9-3.5, the name of any	
36	other county and township in which the transferee of residential	
37	real property owns or is buying residential real property.	
38	IC 6-1.1-12-37, the information required for a standard	
39	deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.	
40	(19) Sufficient instructions and information to permit a party	
41	to terminate a standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37 on	

any parcel of property on which the party or the spouse of the



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1	party will no longer be eligible for the standard deduction
2	under IC 6-1.1-12-37 after the party or the party's spouse
3	begins to reside at the property that is the subject of the sales
4	disclosure form, including an explanation of the tax
5	consequences and applicable penalties if a party unlawfully
6	claims a standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.
7	(19) (20) Other information as required by the department of local
8	government finance to carry out this chapter.
9	If a form under this section includes the telephone number or part or
10	all of the Social Security number of a party, the telephone number or
11	the Social Security number is confidential.
12	(b) The instructions for completing the form described in subsection
13	(a) must include the information described in IC 6-1.1-12-43(c)(1).
14	(c) If the conveyance includes more than one (1) parcel as described
15	in section 3(h) of this chapter, the form:
16	(1) is not required to include the price referred to in subsection
17	(a)(13) for each of the parcels subject to the conveyance; and
18	(2) may state a single combined price for all of those parcels.
19	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-12-17.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.144-2008,
20	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 17.8. (a) An individual who receives a deduction
22	provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4, or 37 of this
23	chapter in a particular year and who remains eligible for the deduction
24	in the following year is not required to file a statement to apply for the

2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.

(b) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4 of this chapter in a particular year and who becomes ineligible for the deduction in the following year shall notify the auditor of the county in which the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home for which the individual claims the deduction is located of the individual's ineligibility in the year in which the individual becomes ineligible. An individual or entity that becomes ineligible for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter shall notify the county auditor of the county in which the property is located in conformity with section 37 of this chapter.

deduction in the following year. However, for purposes of a

deduction under section 37 of this chapter, the individual must

comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009,

(c) The auditor of each county shall, in a particular year, apply a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4, or 37 of this chapter to each individual who received the deduction in the preceding year unless the auditor determines that the individual is no



longer eligible for the deduction	n.
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- (d) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4, or 37 of this chapter for property that is jointly held with another owner in a particular year and remains eligible for the deduction in the following year is not required to file a statement to reapply for the deduction following the removal of the joint owner if:
 - (1) the individual is the sole owner of the property following the death of the individual's spouse;
 - (2) the individual is the sole owner of the property following the death of a joint owner who was not the individual's spouse; or
 - (3) the individual is awarded sole ownership of the property in a divorce decree.

However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, if the removal of the joint owner occurs before the date that a notice described in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) is sent, the individual must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.

- (e) A trust entitled to a deduction under section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4, or 37 of this chapter for real property owned by the trust and occupied by an individual in accordance with section 17.9 17.9(a) of this chapter is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction, if:
 - (1) the individual who occupies the real property receives a deduction provided under section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4, or 37 of this chapter in a particular year; and
 - (2) the trust remains eligible for the deduction in the following year.

However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, the individuals that qualify the trust for a deduction must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.

(f) A cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) that is entitled to a deduction under section 37 of this chapter in the immediately preceding calendar year for a homestead (as defined in section 37 of this chapter) is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction for the current calendar year if the cooperative housing corporation remains eligible for the deduction for the current calendar year. However, the individuals that qualify the cooperative housing corporation for a deduction must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009,

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1	2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.
2	(g) An individual or entity that:
3	(1) was eligible for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9
4	(repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2007,
5	or January 15, 2008, assessment date; or
6	(2) would have been eligible for a homestead credit under
7	IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for property taxes imposed for the
8	March 1, 2008, or January 15, 2009, assessment date if
9	IC 6-1.1-20.9 had not been repealed;
10	is not required to file a statement to apply for a deduction under
11	section 37 of this chapter if the individual or entity remains eligible
12	for the deduction in the current year. An individual or entity that
13	filed for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for an
14	assessment date after March 1, 2007 (if the property is real
15	property), or after January 1, 2008 (if the property is personal
16	property), shall be treated as an individual or entity that has filed
17	for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter. However, the
18	individual or entity must comply with the requirement in
19	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the
20	county auditor.
21	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-12-17.9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.101-2008,
22	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 17.9. (a) A trust is entitled to a deduction under
24	section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4, or 37 of this chapter for real property
25	owned by the trust and occupied by an individual if the county auditor
26	determines that the individual:
27	(1) upon verification in the body of the deed or otherwise, has
28	either:
29	(A) a beneficial interest in the trust; or
30	(B) the right to occupy the real property rent free under the
31	terms of a qualified personal residence trust created by the
32	individual under United States Treasury Regulation
33	25.2702-5(c)(2);
34	(2) otherwise qualifies for the deduction; and
35	(3) would be considered the owner of the real property under
36	IC 6-1.1-1-9(f) or IC 6-1.1-1-9(g).
37	(b) This subsection applies to a limited liability company, a
38	partnership, or any other entity that owns real property not
39	described in section 37(a)(2)(B)(i), 37(a)(2)(B)(ii), 37(a)(2)(B)(iii),
40	or 37(a)(2)(B)(iv) of this chapter. An entity is entitled to a
41	deduction under section 37 of this chapter for real property owned

by the entity and occupied by an individual if the county auditor



1	determines all of the following:	
2	(1) The entity does not have any shareholders, members, or	
3	other owners other than individuals who use the real property	
4	as the individuals' principal place of residence, as verified in	
5	the organizational documents and federal income tax return	
6	of the entity.	
7	(2) The entity has no purpose other than ownership of the	
8	residence.	
9	(3) Each individual who is a shareholder, member, or other	
10	owner of the entity otherwise qualifies for the deduction.	
11	(4) The entity has provided the county auditor with the latest	
12	copy of the entity's federal tax return filed with the United	
13	States Internal Revenue Service.	
14	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-12-37, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,	
15	SECTION 115, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 37. (a) The following definitions	
17	apply throughout this section:	
18	(1) "Dwelling" means any of the following:	
19	(A) Residential real property improvements that an individual	
20	uses as the individual's residence, including a house or garage.	
21	(B) A mobile home that is not assessed as real property that an	
22	individual uses as the individual's residence.	
23	(C) A manufactured home that is not assessed as real property	
24	that an individual uses as the individual's residence.	
25	(2) "Homestead" means an individual's principal place of	
26	residence: that:	
27	(A) that is located in Indiana;	
28	(B) the individual: that:	V
29	(i) the individual owns;	
30	(ii) the individual is buying under a contract, recorded in	
31	the county recorder's office, that provides that the individual	
32	is to pay the property taxes on the residence; or	
33	(iii) the individual is entitled to occupy as a	
34	tenant-stockholder (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a	
35	cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C.	
36	216);	
37	(iv) is a residence described in section 17.9(a) of this	
38	chapter that is owned by a trust if the individual is an	
39	individual described in section 17.9(a) of this chapter; or	
40	(v) is a residence described in section 17.9(b) of this	
41	chapter that is owned by an entity if the individual is an	
12	individual described in section 17 9(b) of this chanter	



1	and
2	(C) that consists of a dwelling and the real estate, not
3	exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that
4	dwelling.
5	(b) Each year an individual who on March 1 of a particular year or,
6	in the case of a mobile home that is assessed as personal property, the
7	immediately following January 15, either owns or is buying a
8	homestead under a contract, recorded in the county recorder's office,
9	that provides the individual is to pay property taxes on the individual
10	or entity obligated to pay property taxes on a homestead for a
11	particular assessment date is entitled to a standard deduction from
12	the assessed value of the homestead for that assessment date. The
13	deduction provided by this section applies to property taxes first
14	due and payable for an assessment date only if the individual has
15	an interest in the homestead described in subsection (a)(2)(B) on:
16	(1) the assessment date; or
17	(2) any date in the same year after an assessment date that a
18	statement is filed under subsection (e) or section 44 of this
19	chapter, if the property consists of real property.
20	Subject to subsection (c), the auditor of the county shall record and
21	make the deduction for the person individual or entity qualifying for
22	the deduction.
23	(c) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, the total
24	amount of the deduction that a person may receive under this section
25	for a particular year is the lesser of:
26	(1) sixty percent (60%) of the assessed value of the real property,
27	mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured home
28	not assessed as real property; or
29	(2) forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000).
30	2010,
31	(d) A person who has sold real property, a mobile home not assessed
32	as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real property
33	to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer
34	is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or
35	manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided under this
36	section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or
37	manufactured home.
38	(e) Except as provided in sections 17.8 and 44 of this chapter
39	and subject to section 45 of this chapter, an individual who desires
40	to claim the deduction provided by this section must file a certified

statement in duplicate, on forms prescribed by the department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county in which



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1	the homestead is located. The statement must include:	
2	(1) the parcel number or key number of the property and the	
3	name of the city, town, or township in which the property is	
4	located;	
5	(2) the name of any other location in which the applicant or	
6	the applicant's spouse owns, is buying, or has a beneficial	
7	interest in residential real property;	
8	(3) the names of:	
9	(A) the applicant and the applicant's spouse (if any):	
10	(i) as the names appear in the records of the United	
11	States Social Security Administration for the purposes of	
12	the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security	
13	number; or	
14	(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign	
15	their names on legal documents;	
16	if the applicant is an individual; or	4
17	(B) each individual who qualifies property as a homestead	
18	under subsection (a)(2)(B) and the individual's spouse (if	7
19	any):	
20	(i) as the names appear in the records of the United	
21	States Social Security Administration for the purposes of	
22	the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security	
23	number; or	
24	(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign	
25	their names on legal documents;	
26	if the applicant is not an individual; and	
27	(4) the last five (5) digits of the transferee's Social Security	
28	number and the last five (5) digits of the Social Security	
29	number of the transferee's spouse (if any).	
30	If a form or statement provided to the county auditor under this	
31	section, IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, or IC 6-1.1-22.5-12 includes the telephone	
32	number or part or all of the Social Security number of a party, the	
33	telephone number and the Social Security number included is	
34	confidential. The statement may be filed in person or by mail. If the	
35	statement is mailed, the mailing must be postmarked on or before	
36	the last day for filing. The statement applies for that first year and	
37	any succeeding year for which the deduction is allowed. With	
38	respect to real property, the person must file the statement during	
39	the year for which the person desires to obtain the deduction. With	
40	respect to a mobile home that is not assessed as real property, the	

person must file the statement during the twelve (12) months

before March 31 of the year for which the person desires to obtain



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the deduction. With respect to real property owned by an enti-	ty
described in section 17.9(b) of this chapter, the deduction appli-	es
only for the year the deduction application is properly filed and	is
not to be carried over to any subsequent year unless a ne	v
application is filed and approved by the county auditor.	

- (f) If an individual who is receiving the deduction provided by this section or who otherwise qualifies property for a deduction under this section:
 - (1) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or all of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under this section; or
 - (2) is no longer eligible for a deduction under this section on another parcel of property because:
 - (A) the individual would otherwise receive the benefit of more than one (1) deduction under this chapter; or
 - (B) the individual maintains the individual's principal place of residence with another individual who receives a deduction under this section;

the individual must file a certified statement with the auditor of the county, notifying the auditor of the change of use, not more than sixty (60) days after the date of that change. An individual who fails to file the statement required by this subsection is liable for any additional taxes that would have been due on the property if the individual had filed the statement as required by this subsection plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due. The civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that might otherwise be due. This amount becomes part of the property tax liability for purposes of this article.

- (e) (g) The department of local government finance shall adopt rules or guidelines concerning the application for a deduction under this section.
- (f) (h) This subsection does not apply to property in the first year for which a deduction is claimed under this section if the sole reason that a deduction is claimed on other property is that the individual or married couple maintained a principal residence at the other property on March 1 in the same year in which an application for a deduction is filed under this section or, if the application is for a homestead that is assessed as personal property, on March 1 in the immediately preceding year and the individual or married couple is moving the individual's or married

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1	couple's principal residence to the property that is the subject of
2	the application. The county auditor may not grant an individual or a
3	married couple a deduction under this section if:
4	(1) the individual or married couple, for the same year, claims the
5	deduction on two (2) or more different applications for the
6	deduction; and
7	(2) the applications claim the deduction for different property.
8	(i) The department of local government finance shall provide
9	secure access to county auditors to a homestead property data base
10	that includes access to the homestead owner's name and the last
11	five (5) digits of the homestead owner's Social Security number for
12	the sole purpose of verifying whether an owner is wrongly claiming
13	a deduction under this chapter or a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.4,
14	IC 6-1.1-20.6, or IC 6-3.5.
15	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-12-43, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
16	SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 120,
17	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 43. (a) For purposes of this section:
19	(1) "benefit" refers to
20	(4) a deduction under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4, 26, 29,
21	31, 33, or 34, 37, or 37.5 of this chapter; or
22	(B) the homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9-2;
23	(2) "closing agent" means a person that closes a transaction;
24	(3) "customer" means an individual who obtains a loan in a
25	transaction; and
26	(4) "transaction" means a single family residential:
27	(A) first lien purchase money mortgage transaction; or
28	(B) refinancing transaction.
29	(b) Before closing a transaction after December 31, 2004, a closing
30	agent must provide to the customer the form referred to in subsection
31	(c).
32	(c) Before June 1, 2004, the department of local government finance
33	shall prescribe the form to be provided by closing agents to customers
34	under subsection (b). The department shall make the form available to
35	closing agents, county assessors, county auditors, and county treasurers
36	in hard copy and electronic form. County assessors, county auditors,
37	and county treasurers shall make the form available to the general
38	public. The form must:
39	(1) on one (1) side:
40	(A) list each benefit;
41	(B) list the eligibility criteria for each benefit; and
42	(C) indicate that a new application for a deduction under



1	section 1 of this chapter is required when residential real
2	property is refinanced;
3	(2) on the other side indicate:
4	(A) each action by and (B) each type of documentation from
5	the customer required to file for each benefit; and
6	(B) sufficient instructions and information to permit a
7	party to terminate a standard deduction under section 37
8	of this chapter on any property on which the party or the
9	spouse of the party will no longer be eligible for the
.0	standard deduction under section 37 of this chapter after
.1	the party or the party's spouse begins to reside at the
2	property that is the subject of the closing, including an
.3	explanation of the tax consequences and applicable
.4	penalties, if a party unlawfully claims a standard
.5	deduction under section 37 of this chapter; and
6	(3) be printed in one (1) of two (2) or more colors prescribed by
7	the department of local government finance that distinguish the
8	form from other documents typically used in a closing referred to
9	in subsection (b).
20	(d) A closing agent:
21	(1) may reproduce the form referred to in subsection (c);
22	(2) in reproducing the form, must use a print color prescribed by
23	the department of local government finance; and
24	(3) is not responsible for the content of the form referred to in
2.5	subsection (c) and shall be held harmless by the department of
26	local government finance from any liability for the content of the
27	form.
28	(e) This subsection applies to a transaction that is closed after
29	December 31, 2009. In addition to providing the customer the form
0	described in subsection (c) before closing the transaction, a closing
31	agent shall do the following as soon as possible after the closing, and
32	within the time prescribed by the department of insurance under
3	IC 27-7-3-15.5:
4	(1) To the extent determinable, input the information described in
55	IC 27-7-3-15.5(c)(2) into the system maintained by the
66	department of insurance under IC 27-7-3-15.5.
37	(2) Submit the form described in IC 27-7-3-15.5(c) to the data
8	base described in IC 27-7-3-15.5 $(c)(2)(D)$.
9	(e) (f) A closing agent to which this section applies shall document
10	its the closing agent's compliance with this section with respect to each
.1	transaction in the form of verification of compliance signed by the



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customer.

1	(f) (g) Subject to IC 27-7-3-15.5(d), a closing agent is subject to a	
2	civil penalty of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each instance in which the	
3	closing agent fails to comply with this section with respect to a	
4	customer. The penalty:	
5	(1) may be enforced by the state agency that has administrative	
6	jurisdiction over the closing agent in the same manner that the	
7	agency enforces the payment of fees or other penalties payable to	
8	the agency; and	
9	(2) shall be paid into:	
10	(A) the property tax replacement state general fund, if the	
11	closing agent fails to comply with subsection (b); or	
12	(B) the home ownership education account established by	
13	IC 5-20-1-27, if the closing agent fails to comply with	
14	subsection (e) in a transaction that is closed after December	
15	31, 2009.	_
16	(h) A closing agent is not liable for any other damages claimed by	
17	a customer because of:	
18	(1) the closing agent's mere failure to provide the appropriate	
19	document to the customer under subsection (b); or	
20	(2) with respect to a transaction that is closed after December 31,	
21	2009, the closing agent's failure to input the information or	
22	submit the form described in subsection (e).	
23	(g) (i) The state agency that has administrative jurisdiction over a	
24	closing agent shall:	_
25	(1) examine the closing agent to determine compliance with this	
26	section; and	_
27	(2) impose and collect penalties under subsection (g) .	
28	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-12-44, AS ADDED BY P.L.144-2008,	Y
29	SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
30	JANUARY 1, 2009 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 44. (a) A sales disclosure	
31	form under IC 6-1.1-5.5:	
32	(1) that is submitted:	
33	(A) as a paper form; or	
34	(B) electronically;	
35	on or before December 31 of a calendar year to the county	
36	assessor by or on behalf of the purchaser of a homestead (as	
37	defined in IC 6-1.1-20.9-1) section 37 of this chapter) assessed	
38	as real property;	
39	(2) that is accurate and complete;	
40	(3) that is approved by the county assessor as eligible for filing	
41	with the county auditor; and	
42	(4) that is filed:	



1	(A) as a paper form; or
2	(B) electronically;
3	with the county auditor by or on behalf of the purchaser;
4	constitutes an application for the deductions provided by sections 26,
5	29, 33, and 34, and 37 of this chapter with respect to property taxes
6	first due and payable in the calendar year that immediately succeeds
7	the calendar year referred to in subdivision (1).
8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if:
9	(1) the county auditor receives in a calendar year a sales
10	disclosure form that meets the requirements of subsection (a); and
11	(2) the homestead for which the sales disclosure form is submitted
12	is otherwise eligible for a deduction referred to in subsection (a);
13	the county auditor shall apply the deduction to the homestead for
14	property taxes first due and payable in the calendar year for which the
15	homestead qualifies under subsection (a) and in any later year in which
16	the homestead remains eligible for the deduction.
17	(c) Subsection (b) does not apply if the county auditor, after
18	receiving a sales disclosure form from or on behalf of a purchaser
19	under subsection (a)(4), determines that the homestead is ineligible for
20	the deduction.
21	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,
22	SECTION 53, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION
23	251, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8.1. (a) This section applies only to
25	property taxes and special assessments first due and payable after
26	December 31, 2007.
27	(b) The county treasurer shall:
28	(1) mail to the last known address of each person liable for any
29	property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax
30	duplicate or special assessment records, or to the last known
31	address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book; and
32	(2) transmit by written, electronic, or other means to a mortgagee
33	maintaining an escrow account for a person who is liable for any
34	property taxes or special assessments, as shown on the tax
35	duplicate or special assessment records;
36	a statement in the form required under subsection (c). (b). However, for
37	property taxes first due and payable in 2008, the county treasurer may
38	choose to use a tax statement that is different from the tax statement
39	prescribed by the department under subsection (c). (b). If a county
40	chooses to use a different tax statement, the county must still transmit

(with the tax bill) the statement in either color type or black-and-white



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type.

1	(c) (b) The department of local government finance shall prescribe
2	a form, subject to the approval of the state board of accounts, for the
3	statement under subsection (b) (a) that includes at least the following:
4	(1) A statement of the taxpayer's current and delinquent taxes and
5	special assessments.
6	(2) A breakdown showing the total property tax and special
7	assessment liability and the amount of the taxpayer's liability that
8	will be distributed to each taxing unit in the county.
9	(3) An itemized listing for each property tax levy, including:
10	(A) the amount of the tax rate;
11	(B) the entity levying the tax owed; and
12	(C) the dollar amount of the tax owed.
13	(4) Information designed to show the manner in which the taxes
14	and special assessments billed in the tax statement are to be used.
15	(5) A comparison showing any change in the assessed valuation
16	for the property as compared to the previous year.
17	(6) A comparison showing any change in the property tax and
18	special assessment liability for the property as compared to the
19	previous year. The information required under this subdivision
20	must identify:
21	(A) the amount of the taxpayer's liability distributable to each
22	taxing unit in which the property is located in the current year
23	and in the previous year; and
24	(B) the percentage change, if any, in the amount of the
25	taxpayer's liability distributable to each taxing unit in which
26	the property is located from the previous year to the current
27	year.
28	(7) An explanation of the following:
29	(A) The Homestead credit and credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4,
30	IC 6-3.5-6-13, or another law that are available in the
31	taxing district where the property is located.
32	(B) All property tax deductions that are available in the
33	taxing district where the property is located.
34	(B) (C) The procedure and deadline for filing for the any
35	available homestead credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4,
36	IC 6-3.5-6-13, or another law and each deduction.
37	(C) (D) The procedure that a taxpayer must follow to:
38	(i) appeal a current assessment; or
39	(ii) petition for the correction of an error related to the
40	taxpayer's property tax and special assessment liability.
41	(D) (E) The forms that must be filed for an appeal or a petition
42	described in clause (C). (D).



1	(F) The procedure and deadline that a taxpayer must
2	follow and the forms that must be used if a credit or
3	deduction has been granted for the property and the
4	taxpayer is no longer eligible for the credit or deduction.
5	The department of local government finance shall provide the
6	explanation required by this subdivision to each county treasurer.
7	(8) A checklist that shows:
8	(A) the homestead eredit credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4,
9	IC 6-3.5-6-13, or another law and all property tax
10	deductions; and
11	(B) whether the each homestead credit and each property tax
12	deduction applies in the current statement for the property
13	transmitted under subsection (b). (a).
14	(9) This subdivision applies to any property for which a
15	deduction or credit is listed under subdivision (8) if the notice
16	required under this subdivision was not provided to a
17	taxpayer on a reconciling statement under IC 6-1.1-22.5-12.
18	In 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor,
19	a notice that must be returned by the taxpayer to the county
20	auditor with the taxpayer's verification of the items required
21	by this subdivision. The notice must explain the tax
22	consequences and applicable penalties if a taxpayer
23	unlawfully claims a standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37
24	on:
25	(A) more than one (1) parcel of property; or
26	(B) property that is not the taxpayer's principal place of
27	residence or is otherwise not eligible for the standard
28	deduction.
29	The notice must include a place for the taxpayer to indicate,
30	under penalties of perjury, for each deduction and credit
31	listed under subdivision (8), whether the property is eligible
32	for the deduction or credit listed under subdivision (8). The
33	notice must also include a place for each individual who
34	qualifies the property for a deduction or credit listed in
35	subdivision (8) to indicate the name of the individual and the
36	name of the individual's spouse (if any), as the names appear
37	in the records of the United States Social Security
38	Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social
39	Security card and Social Security number (or that they use as
40	their legal names when they sign their names on legal

documents), and the last five (5) digits of each individual's

Social Security number. The notice must explain that the



taxpayer must complete and return the notice with the required information and that failure to complete and return the notice may result in disqualification of property for deductions and credits listed in subdivision (8), must explain how to return the notice, and must be on a separate form printed on paper that is a different color than the tax statement. The notice must be prepared in the form prescribed by the department of local government finance and include any additional information required by the department of local government finance. This subdivision expires January 1, 2012.

(d) (c) The county treasurer may mail or transmit the statement one (1) time each year at least fifteen (15) days before the date on which the first or only installment is due. Whenever a person's tax liability for a year is due in one (1) installment under IC 6-1.1-7-7 or section 9 of this chapter, a statement that is mailed must include the date on which the installment is due and denote the amount of money to be paid for the installment. Whenever a person's tax liability is due in two (2) installments, a statement that is mailed must contain the dates on which the first and second installments are due and denote the amount of money to be paid for each installment. If a statement is returned to the county treasurer as undeliverable and the forwarding order is expired, the county treasurer shall notify the county auditor of this fact. Upon receipt of the county treasurer's notice, the county auditor shall treat the property as not being eligible for any deductions under IC 6-1.1-12 or any homestead credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4 and IC 6-3.5-6-13.

- (e) (d) All payments of property taxes and special assessments shall be made to the county treasurer. The county treasurer, when authorized by the board of county commissioners, may open temporary offices for the collection of taxes in cities and towns in the county other than the county seat.
- (f) (e) The county treasurer, county auditor, and county assessor shall cooperate to generate the information to be included in the statement under subsection (c). (b).
- (g) (f) The information to be included in the statement under subsection (c) (b) must be simply and clearly presented and understandable to the average individual.
- (h) (g) After December 31, 2007, a reference in a law or rule to IC 6-1.1-22-8 (expired January 1, 2008, and repealed) shall be treated as a reference to this section.

SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-22-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,









1	SECTION 252, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in
3	subsections subsection (b), and (c) the property taxes assessed for a
4	year under this article are due in two (2) equal installments on May 10
5	and November 10 of the following year.
6	(b) Subsection (a) does not apply if any of the following apply to the
7	property taxes assessed for the year under this article:
8	(1) Subsection (c).
9	(2) Subsection (d).
10	(3) Subsection (h).
11	(4) Subsection (i).
12	(5) (3) IC 6-1.1-7-7.
13	(6) (4) Section 9.5 of this chapter.
14	(5) Section 9.7 of this chapter.
15	(c) A county council may adopt an ordinance to require a person to
16	pay the person's property tax liability in one (1) installment, if the tax
17	liability for a particular year is less than twenty-five dollars (\$25). If the
18	county council has adopted such an ordinance, then whenever a tax
19	statement mailed under section 8.1 of this chapter shows that the
20	person's property tax liability for a year is less than twenty-five dollars
21	(\$25) for the property covered by that statement, the tax liability for
22	that year is due in one (1) installment on May 10 of that year.
23	(d) If the county treasurer receives a copy of an appeal petition
24	under IC 6-1.1-18.5-12(d) before the county treasurer mails or
25	transmits statements under section 8.1(b) 8.1 of this chapter, the county
26	treasurer may:
27	(1) mail or transmit the statements without regard to the pendency
28	of the appeal and, if the resolution of the appeal by the department
29	of local government finance results in changes in levies, mail or
30	transmit reconciling statements under subsection (e); or
31	(2) delay the mailing or transmission of statements under section
32	8.1(b) 8.1 of this chapter so that:
33	(A) the due date of the first installment that would otherwise
34	be due under subsection (a) is delayed by not more than sixty
35	(60) days; and
36	(B) all statements reflect any changes in levies that result from
37	the resolution of the appeal by the department of local
38	government finance.
39	(e) A reconciling statement under subsection (d)(1) must indicate:
40	(1) the total amount due for the year;
41	(2) the total amount of the installments paid that did not reflect
42	the resolution of the appeal under IC 6-1.1-18.5-12(d) by the



1	department of local government finance;
2	(3) if the amount under subdivision (1) exceeds the amount under
3	subdivision (2), the adjusted amount that is payable by the
4	taxpayer:
5	(A) as a final reconciliation of all amounts due for the year;
6	and
7	(B) not later than:
8	(i) November 10; or
9	(ii) the date or dates established under section 9.5 of this
10	chapter; and
11	(4) if the amount under subdivision (2) exceeds the amount under
12	subdivision (1), that the taxpayer may claim a refund of the excess
13	under IC 6-1.1-26.
14	(f) If property taxes are not paid on or before the due date, the
15	penalties prescribed in IC 6-1.1-37-10 shall be added to the delinquent
16	taxes.
17	(g) Notwithstanding any other law, a property tax liability of less
18	than five dollars (\$5) is increased to five dollars (\$5). The difference
19	between the actual liability and the five dollar (\$5) amount that appears
20	on the statement is a statement processing charge. The statement
21	processing charge is considered a part of the tax liability.
22	SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-22.5-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2004,
23	SECTION 37, AND AS ADDED BY P.L.23-2004, SECTION 40, AND
24	AMENDED BY P.L.219-2007, SECTION 65, IS CORRECTED AND
25	AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]:
26	Sec. 8. (a) A provisional statement must:
27	(1) be on a form approved by the state board of accounts;
28	(2) except as provided in emergency rules adopted under section
29	20 of this chapter and subsection (b), indicate tax liability in the
30	amount of ninety percent (90%) of the tax liability that was
31	payable in the same year as the assessment date for the property
32	for which the provisional statement is issued;
33	(3) indicate:
34	(A) that the tax liability under the provisional statement is
35	determined as described in subdivision (2); and
36	(B) that property taxes billed on the provisional statement:
37	(i) are due and payable in the same manner as property taxes
38	billed on a tax statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8;
39	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1; and
40	(ii) will be credited against a reconciling statement;
41	(4) include the following a statement in the following or a
42	substantially similar form as determined by the department of



1	local government finance:	
2	"Under Indiana law, County (insert county) has elected	
3	to send provisional statements because the county did not	
4	complete the abstract of the property, assessments, taxes,	
5	deductions, and exemptions for taxes payable in (insert year) in	
6	each taxing district before March 16, (insert year). The statement	
7	is due to be paid in installments on May 10 (insert	
8	date) and November 10 (insert date). The statement is	
9	based on ninety percent (90%) of your tax liability for taxes	
10	payable in (insert year), subject to adjustment for any new	
11	construction on your property or any damage to your property.	
12	After the abstract of property is complete, you will receive a	
13	reconciling statement in the amount of your actual tax liability for	
14	taxes payable in (insert year), minus the amount you pay under	
15	this provisional statement.";	
16	(5) indicate liability for:	
17	(A) delinquent:	U
18	(i) taxes; and	
19	(ii) special assessments;	
20	(B) penalties; and	
21	(C) interest;	
22	is allowed to appear on the tax statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8 for	
23	the May first installment of property taxes in the year in which the	
24	provisional tax statement is issued; and	_
25	(6) include:	
26	(A) a checklist that shows:	
27	(i) homestead credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-3.5-6-13,	
28	or another law and all property tax deductions; and	V
29	(ii) whether each homestead credit and property tax	
30	deduction was applied in the current provisional	
31	statement;	
32	(B) an explanation of the procedure and deadline that a	
33	taxpayer must follow and the forms that must be used if a	
34	credit or deduction has been granted for the property and	
35	the taxpayer is no longer eligible for the credit or	
36	deduction; and	
37	(C) an explanation of the tax consequences and applicable	
38	penalties if a taxpayer unlawfully claims a standard	
39	deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37 on:	
40	(i) more than one (1) parcel of property; or	
41	(ii) property that is not the taxpayer's principal place of	
42	residence or is otherwise not eligible for a standard	



1	deduction; and
2	(6) (7) include any other information the county treasurer
3	requires.
4	(b) The county treasurer may apply a deduction or a homestead
5	credit to a qualified property on a provisional bill. If a provisional
6	bill has been used for property tax billings for two (2) consecutive
7	years and a property qualifies for a deduction or a homestead
8	credit under IC 6-1.1-20.4 or IC 6-3.5-6-13 for the second year a
9	provisional bill is used, the county treasurer shall apply the
.0	deductions and homestead credits on the provisional bill.
. 1	SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-22.5-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
. 2	SECTION 254, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
.3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided by
4	subsection (c), each reconciling statement must indicate:
.5	(1) the actual property tax liability under this article on the
.6	assessment determined for the assessment date for the property
.7	for which the reconciling statement is issued;
. 8	(2) the total amount paid under the provisional statement for the
.9	property for which the reconciling statement is issued;
20	(3) if the amount under subdivision (1) exceeds the amount under
21	subdivision (2), that the excess is payable by the taxpayer:
22	(A) as a final reconciliation of the tax liability; and
23	(B) not later than:
24	(i) thirty (30) days after the date of the reconciling
2.5	statement;
26	(ii) if the county treasurer requests in writing that the
27	commissioner designate a later date, the date designated by
28	the commissioner; or
29	(iii) the date specified in an ordinance adopted under section
30	18.5 of this chapter; and
51	(4) if the amount under subdivision (2) exceeds the amount under
32	subdivision (1), that the taxpayer may claim a refund of the excess
33	under IC 6-1.1-26.
34	(b) If, upon receipt of the abstract referred to in section 6 of this
35	chapter, the county treasurer determines that it is possible to complete
56	the:
57	(1) preparation; and
8	(2) mailing or transmittal;
19	of the reconciling statement at least thirty (30) days before the due date
10	of the second installment specified in the provisional statement, the
1	county treasurer may request in writing that the department of local
12	government finance permit the county treasurer to issue a reconciling



1	statement that adjusts the amount of the second installment that was
2	specified in the provisional statement. If the department approves the
3	county treasurer's request, the county treasurer shall prepare and mail
4	or transmit the reconciling statement at least thirty (30) days before the
5	due date of the second installment specified in the provisional
6	statement.
7	(c) A reconciling statement prepared under subsection (b) must
8	indicate:
9	(1) the actual property tax liability under this article on the
10	assessment determined for the assessment date for the property
11	for which the reconciling statement is issued;
12	(2) the total amount of the first installment paid under the
13	provisional statement for the property for which the reconciling
14	statement is issued;
15	(3) if the amount under subdivision (1) exceeds the amount under
16	subdivision (2), the adjusted amount of the second installment
17	that is payable by the taxpayer:
18	(A) as a final reconciliation of the tax liability; and
19	(B) not later than:
20	(i) November 10; or
21	(ii) if the county treasurer requests in writing that the
22	commissioner designate a later date, the date designated by
23	the commissioner; and
24	(4) if the amount under subdivision (2) exceeds the amount under
25	subdivision (1), that the taxpayer may claim a refund of the excess
26	under IC 6-1.1-26.
27	(d) At the election of a county auditor, a checklist required by
28	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(8) and a notice required by IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9)
29	may be sent to a taxpayer with a reconciling statement under this
30	section. This subsection expires January 1, 2012.
31	SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-36-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
32	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 17. (a) As used in this section,
34	"nonreverting fund" refers to a nonreverting fund established
35	under subsection (c).
36	(b) Each county auditor that makes a determination that
37	property was not eligible for a standard deduction under
38	IC 6-1.1-12-37 or a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9
39	(repealed) in a particular year shall notify the county treasurer of
40	the determination. The county auditor shall issue a notice of taxes

due to the owner and include a statement that the tax payment is



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to be made payable to the county auditor.

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1	(c) Each county auditor shall establish a nonreverting fund into
2	which the county auditor shall deposit the amount of delinquent
3	taxes, penalties, and interest collected as a result of a tax statement
4	sent after a determination by the county auditor that property was
5	not eligible for a standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37 or a
6	homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) in a particular
7	year.
8	(d) The amount to be deposited in the nonreverting fund
9	includes adjustments in the tax due as a result of the termination
10	of deductions or credits available only for property that is the
11	eligibility for a standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37 or a
12	homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed), including the
13	following:
14	(1) Supplemental deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5.
15	(2) Homestead credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-3.5-1.1-26,
16	IC 6-3.5-6-13, IC 6-3.5-6-32, IC 6-3.5-7-13.1, or IC 6-3.5-7-26,
17	or any other law.
18	(3) Credit for excessive property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5
19	or IC 6-1.1-20.6-8.5.
20	Any amount paid that exceeds the amount required to be deposited
21	shall be transferred to the county treasurer for distribution as
22	property taxes.
23	(e) Money in the nonreverting fund shall be treated as
24	miscellaneous revenue. Distributions shall be made from the
25	nonreverting fund established under this section, without
26	appropriation, only for the following purposes:
27	(1) Fees and other costs incurred by the county auditor to
28	discover property that is eligible for a standard deduction
29	under IC 6-1.1-12-37 or a homestead credit under
30	IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed).

(2) Other expenses of the office of the county auditor.

(3) The cost of preparing, sending, and processing notices described in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) and checklists or notices described in IC 6-1.1-22.5-12(d).

The amount of deposits in a reverting fund, the balance of a nonreverting fund, and expenditures from a reverting fund may not be considered in establishing the budget of the office of the county auditor or in setting property tax levies that will be used in any part to fund the office of the county auditor.

SECTION 13. IC 6-9-39-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008, SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) The fiscal body of a county may collect a



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1	county option dog tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter by any
2	combination of the following methods:
3	(1) By designating one (1) or more persons in the county to
4	collect the tax.
5	(2) By requiring a person who harbors or keeps a taxable dog to
6	submit a complete and accurate county option dog tax return.
7	(3) By a method other than a method described in subdivision (1)
8	or (2) as determined by the fiscal body of the county.
9	(b) A designee under subsection (a)(1) may retain a fee from the tax
10	collected for each taxable dog in an amount determined by the fiscal
11	body not to exceed seventy-five cents (\$0.75). A designee shall remit
12	the balance of the money collected to the county treasurer by the tenth
13	day of each month.
14	(c) If a fiscal body chooses to collect a county option dog tax
15	imposed under section 3 of this chapter by requiring the submission of
16	a county option dog tax return under subsection (a), the county
17	treasurer may include a county option dog tax return form with every
18	property tax statement that is mailed to a person under
19	$\frac{1C}{6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(1)}$. IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(a)(1).
20	(d) The department of local government finance shall prescribe a
21	county option dog tax return form that a county may use for the
22	reporting of county option dog tax liability.
23	SECTION 14. IC 12-20-28-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. Upon request of the county
26	auditor, the township trustee shall provide without charge a list of
27	the landlord's names and addresses for all single family dwellings
28	for which rental payments are being made as housing assistance
29	under this article.
30	SECTION 15. IC 36-2-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) The recorder
32	shall index each volume of instruments the recorder records by:
33	(1) the name of each grantor, promisor, or covenantor, in
34	alphabetical order and cross-referenced to the proper grantee,
35	promisee, or covenantee; and
36	(2) the name of each grantee, promisee, or covenantee, in
37	alphabetical order and cross-referenced to the proper grantor,
38	promisor, or covenantor.
39	After June 30, 2009, each name described in subdivision (1) shall
40	be cross referenced to names provided under section 16(c)(2) of
41	this chapter.
42	(b) The recorder shall accurately maintain separate indexes of all the



1	records of:
2	(1) deeds for real estate; and
3	(2) mortgages on real estate;
4	in the recorder's office. The recorder shall index each deed or mortgage
5	alphabetically, by the name of each grantor and grantee or mortgagor
6	and mortgagee, and shall include in each index entry a concise
7	description of the real property, the date of the deed or mortgage, and
8	the number or letter of the book and the page at which each deed or
9	mortgage is recorded.
.0	SECTION 16. IC 36-2-11-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.129-2008,
1	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 16. (a) This section does not apply to:
3	(1) an instrument executed before November 4, 1943;
4	(2) a judgment, order, or writ of a court;
.5	(3) a will or death certificate; or
6	(4) an instrument executed or acknowledged outside Indiana.
7	(b) Whenever this section prescribes that the name of a person be
.8	printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the person's
9	signature, the signature must be written on the instrument, directly
20	preceding the printed, typewritten, or stamped name, and may not be
21	superimposed on that name so as to render either illegible. However,
22	the instrument may be received for record if the name and signature
23	are, in the discretion of the county recorder, placed on the instrument
24	so as to render the connection between the two apparent.
25	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the recorder may receive
26	for record an instrument only if all of the following requirements are
27	met:
28	(1) The name of each person who executed the instrument is
29	legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the
0	person's signature or the signature itself is printed, typewritten, or
31	stamped.
32	(2) This subdivision applies only to an instrument that:
33	(A) is recorded after June 30, 2009;
34	(B) is executed by at least one (1) person who is an
55	individual; and
66	(C) conveys an ownership interest in a dwelling (as defined
57	in IC 6-1.1-12-37) or a right to buy a dwelling (as defined
88	in IC 6-1.1-12-37) if the purchaser is obligated to pay the
19	property taxes on the dwelling.
10	The instrument or an affidavit accompanying the instrument

must, under penalties of perjury, either affirm that the name

of each individual on the instrument is the same as the name



41

1	of that individual as it appears in the records of the United
2	States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the
3	issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number
4	(or that they use as their legal names when they sign their
5	names on legal documents) or identify each individual by the
6	name of that individual as it appears in the records of the
7	United States Social Security Administration for the purposes
8	of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security
9	number (or that they use as their legal names when they sign
10	their names on legal documents).
11	(2) (3) The name of each witness to the instrument is legibly
12	printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the
13	signature of the witness or the signature itself is printed,
14	typewritten, or stamped.
15	(3) (4) The name of each notary public whose signature appears
16	on the instrument is legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped
17	immediately beneath the signature of the notary public or the
18	signature itself is printed, typewritten, or stamped.
19	(4) (5) The name of each person who executed the instrument
20	appears identically in the body of the instrument, in the
21	acknowledgment or jurat, in the person's signature, and beneath
22	the person's signature.
23	(5) (6) If the instrument is a copy, the instrument is marked
24	"Copy".
25	(d) The recorder may receive for record an instrument that does not
26	comply with subsection (c) if all of the following requirements are met:
27	(1) A printed or typewritten affidavit of a person with personal
28	knowledge of the facts is recorded with the instrument.
29	(2) The affidavit complies with this section.
30	(3) The affidavit states the correct name of a person, if any, whose
31	signature cannot be identified or whose name is not printed,
32	typewritten, or stamped on the instrument as prescribed by this
33	section.
34	(4) When the instrument does not comply with subsection (c)(4),
35	the affidavit states the correct name of the person and states that
36	each of the names used in the instrument refers to the person.
37	(5) If the instrument is a copy, the instrument is marked "Copy".
38	(e) The recorder shall record a document presented for recording or
39	a copy produced by a photographic process of the document presented
40	for recording if:

(1) the document complies with other statutory recording



41

42

requirements; and

1	(2) the document or copy will produce a clear and unobstructed	
2	copy.	
3	(f) An instrument, document, or copy received and recorded by a	
4	county recorder is conclusively presumed to comply with this section.	
5	A recorded copy shall have the same effect as if the original document	
6	had been recorded.	
7	SECTION 17. IC 36-7-18-45 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
8	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 45. Upon request of a county	
10	auditor, a housing authority shall provide without charge a list	
11	showing:	
12	(1) the names of all landlords of single family dwellings for	
13	which payments administered by the housing authority are	
14	made as housing assistance; and	
15	(2) the corresponding addresses of these single family	
16	dwellings.	
17	SECTION 18. An emergency is declared for this act.	
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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1344, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 22, strike "or".

Page 3, line 22, after "17.4" insert ", or 37".

Page 3, line 25, after "year." insert "However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, the individual must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.".

Page 3, line 32, after "ineligible." insert "An individual or entity that becomes ineligible for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter shall notify the county auditor of the county in which the property is located in conformity with section 37 of this chapter.".

Page 3, line 34, strike "or".

Page 3, line 34, after "17.4" insert ", or 37".

Page 3, line 39, strike "or".

Page 3, line 39, after "17.4" insert ", or 37".

Page 4, between lines 6 and 7, begin a new line blocked left and insert:

"However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, if the removal of the joint owner occurs before the date that a notice described in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) is sent, the individual must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor."

Page 4, line 7, strike "or".

Page 4, line 8, after "17.4" insert ", or 37".

Page 4, line 12, strike "or".

Page 4, line 12, after "17.4" insert ", or 37".

Page 4, between lines 15 and 16, begin a new blocked left and insert:

"However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, the individuals that qualify the trust for a deduction must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.

(f) A cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) that is entitled to a deduction under section 37 of this chapter in the immediately preceding calendar year for a homestead (as defined in section 37 of this chapter) is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction for the current calendar year

HB 1344—LS 7302/DI 51+











if the cooperative housing corporation remains eligible for the deduction for the current calendar year. However, the individuals that qualify the cooperative housing corporation for a deduction must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor.

- (g) An individual or entity that:
 - (1) was eligible for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2007, or January 15, 2008, assessment date; or
 - (2) would have been eligible for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2008, or January 15, 2009, assessment date if IC 6-1.1-20.9 had not been repealed;

is not required to file a statement to apply for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter if the individual or entity remains eligible for the deduction in the current year. An individual or entity that filed for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for an assessment date after March 1, 2007 (if the property is real property), or after January 1, 2008 (if the property is personal property), shall be treated as an individual or entity that has filed for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter. However, the individual or entity must comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9), in 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor."

Page 4, line 19, strike "or".

Page 4, line 19, after "17.4" insert ", or 37".

Page 4, line 32, delete "A" and insert "This subsection applies to a limited liability company, a partnership, or any other entity that owns real property not described in section 37(a)(2)(B)(i), 37(a)(2)(B)(ii), 37(a)(2)(B)(iii), or 37(a)(2)(B)(iv) of this chapter. An".

Page 4, line 35, delete "The individual, upon verification" and insert "The entity does not have any shareholders, members, or other owners other than individuals who use the real property as the individuals' principal place of residence, as verified".

Page 4, line 36, delete ", is the sole owner".

Page 4, line 40, delete "The individual" and insert "Each individual who is a shareholder, member, or other owner of the entity".

Page 4, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(4) The entity has provided the county auditor with the latest copy of the entity's federal tax return filed with the United

HB 1344—LS 7302/DI 51+

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States Internal Revenue Service.".

Page 5, line 23, delete "in which" and insert "if".

Page 5, line 24, delete "has a beneficial interest;" and insert "is an individual described in section 17.9(a) of this chapter;".

Page 5, line 26, delete "in which only the" and insert "if the individual is an individual described in section 17.9(b) of this chapter;".

Page 5, line 27, delete "individual has a beneficial interest;".

Page 6, line 33, delete "and".

Page 6, line 34, after "(3)" insert "the names of:

- (A) the applicant and the applicant's spouse (if any):
 - (i) as the names appear in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number; or
 - (ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents;

if the applicant is an individual; or

- (B) each individual who qualifies property as a homestead under subsection (a)(2)(B) and the individual's spouse (if any):
 - (i) as the names appear in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number; or
 - (ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents;

if the applicant is not an individual; and (4)".

Page 6, line 37, before "The" insert "If a form or statement provided to the county auditor under this section, IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, or IC 6-1.1-22.5-12 includes the telephone number or part or all of the Social Security number of a party, the telephone number and the Social Security number included is confidential."

Page 7, line 10, delete "chapter:" and insert "section or who otherwise qualifies property for a deduction under this section:".

Page 7, line 27, delete "one hundred dollars (\$100) for each year the" and insert "a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due. The civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that might otherwise be due."

Page 7, line 28, delete "violation occurs.".









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Page 10, between lines 26 and 27, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-12-44, AS ADDED BY P.L.144-2008, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2009 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 44. (a) A sales disclosure form under IC 6-1.1-5.5:

- (1) that is submitted:
 - (A) as a paper form; or
 - (B) electronically;

on or before December 31 of a calendar year to the county assessor by or on behalf of the purchaser of a homestead (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.9-1) section 37 of this chapter) assessed as real property;

- (2) that is accurate and complete;
- (3) that is approved by the county assessor as eligible for filing with the county auditor; and
- (4) that is filed:
 - (A) as a paper form; or
 - (B) electronically;

with the county auditor by or on behalf of the purchaser; constitutes an application for the deductions provided by sections 26, 29, 33, and 34, and 37 of this chapter with respect to property taxes first due and payable in the calendar year that immediately succeeds the calendar year referred to in subdivision (1).

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if:
 - (1) the county auditor receives in a calendar year a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of subsection (a); and
- (2) the homestead for which the sales disclosure form is submitted is otherwise eligible for a deduction referred to in subsection (a); the county auditor shall apply the deduction to the homestead for property taxes first due and payable in the calendar year for which the homestead qualifies under subsection (a) and in any later year in which the homestead remains eligible for the deduction.
- (c) Subsection (b) does not apply if the county auditor, after receiving a sales disclosure form from or on behalf of a purchaser under subsection (a)(4), determines that the homestead is ineligible for the deduction.".

Page 12, line 20, delete "A" and insert "This subdivision applies to any property for which a deduction or credit is listed under subdivision (8) if the notice required under this subdivision was not provided to a taxpayer on a reconciling statement under IC 6-1.1-22.5-12. In 2009, 2010, or 2011, as determined by the county auditor, a".

HB 1344—LS 7302/DI 51+



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Page 12, line 22, delete "The notice does not have to be".

Page 12, delete line 23.

Page 12, line 24, delete "deduction.".

Page 12, delete lines 31 through 33, and insert "The notice must include a place for the taxpayer to indicate, under penalties of perjury, for each deduction and credit listed under subdivision (8), whether the property is eligible for the deduction or credit listed under subdivision (8). The notice must also include a place for each individual who qualifies the property for a deduction or credit listed in subdivision (8) to indicate the name of the individual and the name of the individual's spouse (if any), as the names appear in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number (or that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents), and the last five (5) digits of each individual's Social Security number."

Page 12, line 34, delete "property or investment property.".

Page 12, line 34, after "must" insert "explain that the taxpayer must complete and return the notice with the required information and that failure to complete and return the notice may result in disqualification of property for deductions and credits listed in subdivision (8), must explain how to return the notice, and must".

Page 12, line 34, after "be" insert "on".

Page 12, line 36, after "statement." insert "The notice must be prepared in the form prescribed by the department of local government finance and include any additional information required by the department of local government finance. This subdivision expires January 1, 2012."

Page 18, delete lines 10 through 34, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(d) At the election of a county auditor, a checklist required by IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(8) and a notice required by IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) may be sent to a taxpayer with a reconciling statement under this section. This subsection expires January 1, 2012.".

Page 19, between lines 35 and 36, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(3) The cost of preparing, sending, and processing notices described in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) and checklists or notices described in IC 6-1.1-22.5-12(d).".

Page 20, after line 30, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 14. IC 36-2-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) The recorder

HB 1344—LS /302/D









shall index each volume of instruments the recorder records by:

- (1) the name of each grantor, promisor, or covenantor, in alphabetical order and cross-referenced to the proper grantee, promisee, or covenantee; and
- (2) the name of each grantee, promisee, or covenantee, in alphabetical order and cross-referenced to the proper grantor, promisor, or covenantor.

After June 30, 2009, each name described in subdivision (1) shall be cross referenced to names provided under section 16(c)(2) of this chapter.

- (b) The recorder shall accurately maintain separate indexes of all the records of:
 - (1) deeds for real estate; and
 - (2) mortgages on real estate;

in the recorder's office. The recorder shall index each deed or mortgage alphabetically, by the name of each grantor and grantee or mortgagor and mortgagee, and shall include in each index entry a concise description of the real property, the date of the deed or mortgage, and the number or letter of the book and the page at which each deed or mortgage is recorded.

SECTION 15. IC 36-2-11-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.129-2008, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 16. (a) This section does not apply to:

- (1) an instrument executed before November 4, 1943;
- (2) a judgment, order, or writ of a court;
- (3) a will or death certificate; or
- (4) an instrument executed or acknowledged outside Indiana.
- (b) Whenever this section prescribes that the name of a person be printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the person's signature, the signature must be written on the instrument, directly preceding the printed, typewritten, or stamped name, and may not be superimposed on that name so as to render either illegible. However, the instrument may be received for record if the name and signature are, in the discretion of the county recorder, placed on the instrument so as to render the connection between the two apparent.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the recorder may receive for record an instrument only if all of the following requirements are met:
 - (1) The name of each person who executed the instrument is legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the person's signature or the signature itself is printed, typewritten, or stamped.

HB 1344—LS 7302/DI 51+



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- (2) This subdivision applies only to an instrument that:
 - (A) is recorded after June 30, 2009;
 - (B) is executed by at least one (1) person who is an individual; and
 - (C) conveys an ownership interest in a dwelling (as defined in IC 6-1.1-12-37) or a right to buy a dwelling (as defined in IC 6-1.1-12-37) if the purchaser is obligated to pay the property taxes on the dwelling.

The instrument or an affidavit accompanying the instrument must, under penalties of perjury, either affirm that the name of each individual on the instrument is the same as the name of that individual as it appears in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number (or that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents) or identify each individual by the name of that individual as it appears in the records of the United States Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security number (or that they use as their legal names when they sign their names on legal documents).

- (2) (3) The name of each witness to the instrument is legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the signature of the witness or the signature itself is printed, typewritten, or stamped.
- (3) (4) The name of each notary public whose signature appears on the instrument is legibly printed, typewritten, or stamped immediately beneath the signature of the notary public or the signature itself is printed, typewritten, or stamped.
- (4) (5) The name of each person who executed the instrument appears identically in the body of the instrument, in the acknowledgment or jurat, in the person's signature, and beneath the person's signature.
- (5) (6) If the instrument is a copy, the instrument is marked "Copy".
- (d) The recorder may receive for record an instrument that does not comply with subsection (c) if all of the following requirements are met:
 - (1) A printed or typewritten affidavit of a person with personal knowledge of the facts is recorded with the instrument.
 - (2) The affidavit complies with this section.
 - (3) The affidavit states the correct name of a person, if any, whose signature cannot be identified or whose name is not printed,













typewritten, or stamped on the instrument as prescribed by this section.

- (4) When the instrument does not comply with subsection (c)(4), the affidavit states the correct name of the person and states that each of the names used in the instrument refers to the person.
- (5) If the instrument is a copy, the instrument is marked "Copy".
- (e) The recorder shall record a document presented for recording or a copy produced by a photographic process of the document presented for recording if:
 - (1) the document complies with other statutory recording requirements; and
 - (2) the document or copy will produce a clear and unobstructed copy.
- (f) An instrument, document, or copy received and recorded by a county recorder is conclusively presumed to comply with this section. A recorded copy shall have the same effect as if the original document had been recorded.

SECTION 16. IC 36-7-18-45 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 45. Upon request of a county auditor, a housing authority shall provide without charge a list showing:

- (1) the names of all landlords of single family dwellings for which payments administered by the housing authority are made as housing assistance; and
- (2) the corresponding addresses of these single family dwellings.

SECTION 17. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1334 as introduced.)

CRAWFORD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 18, nays 0.









